This presentation is only for meeting purpose



NPFC

#### **North Pacific Fisheries Commission**

#### NPFC-2022-SSC PS09-IP08

# Fishery status for Pacific saury

#### Report of Chinese Taipei

2nd Floor Hakuyo Hall, Tokyo University of Marine Science and Technology, 4-5-7 Konan, Minato-ku, Tokyo 108-8477, JAPAN

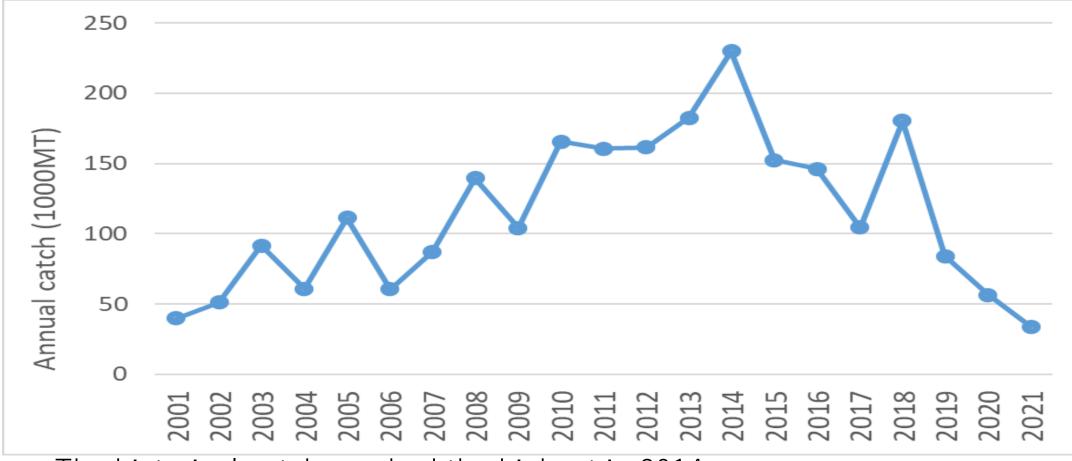
 TEL
 + 81-3-5479-8717

 FAX
 + 81-3-5479-8718

 Email
 secretariat@npfc.int

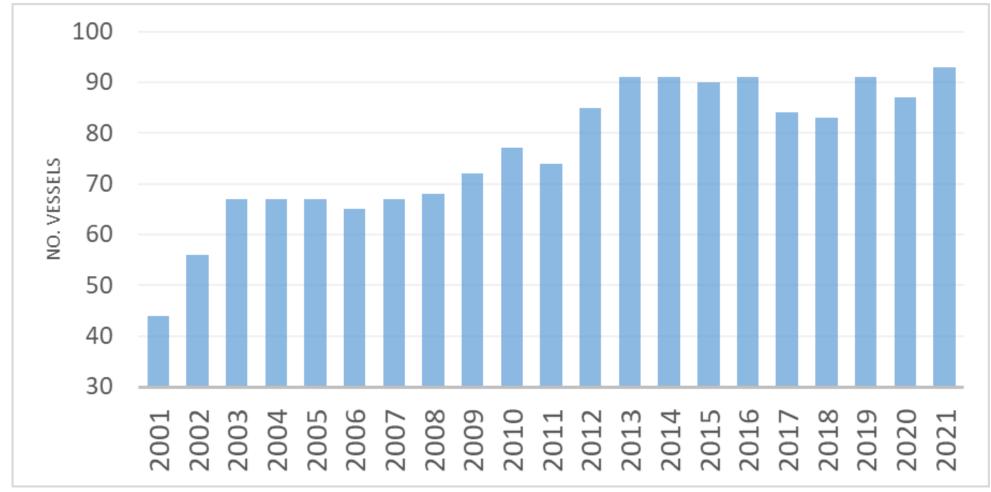
 Web
 www.npfc.int

#### Annual catch series



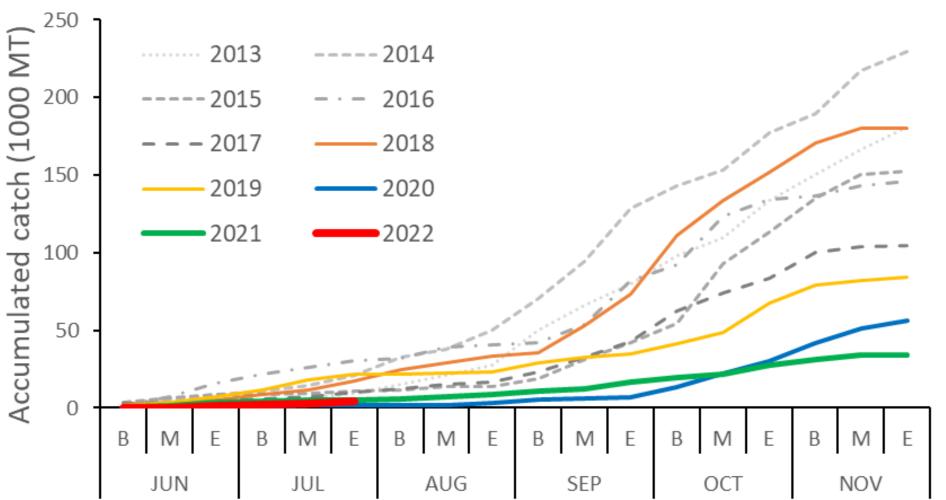
- The historical catch reached the highest in 2014.
- In 2018, the saury catch were around 180,000 tons. Since then, the catch has been decreasing every year.

### Number of vessels



• 87 vessels conducted fishing activities in 2020, and in 2021, the number increased to 93.

#### Accumulated catch





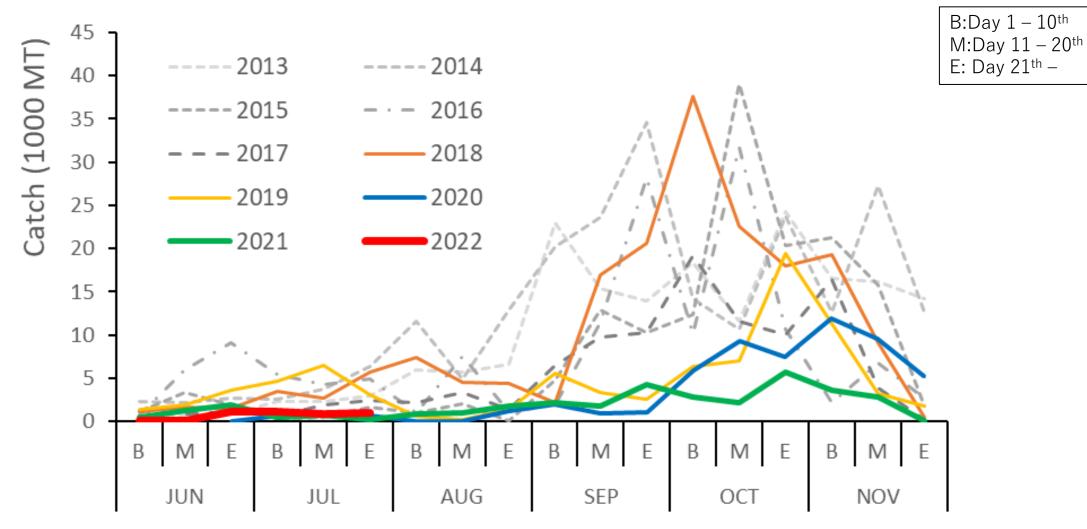
B:Day 1 - 10<sup>th</sup>

E: Day 21<sup>th</sup> -

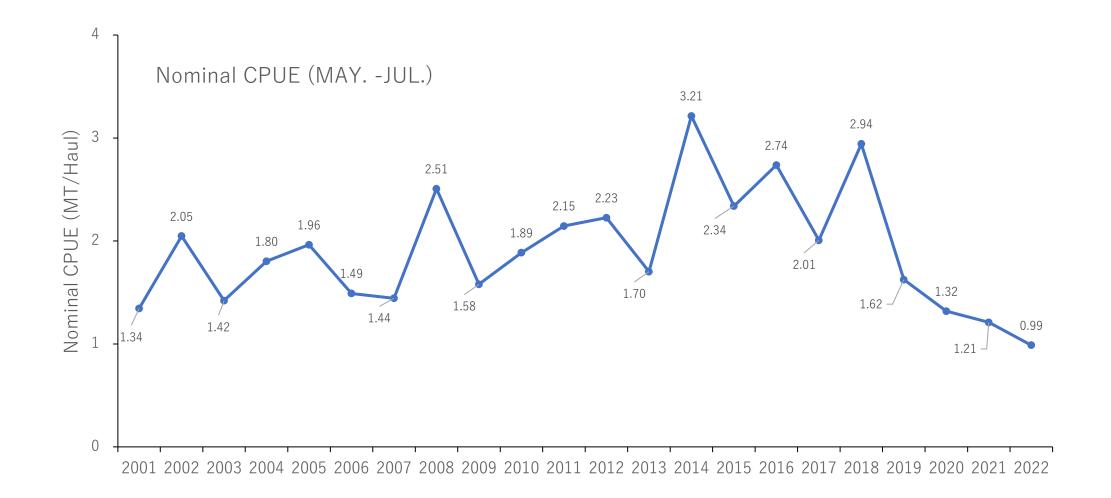
M:Day 11 - 20th

• Accumulated catch by the end of July was 4,069tons, which was less than that of the same period last year (4,895 tons).

Seasonal catch

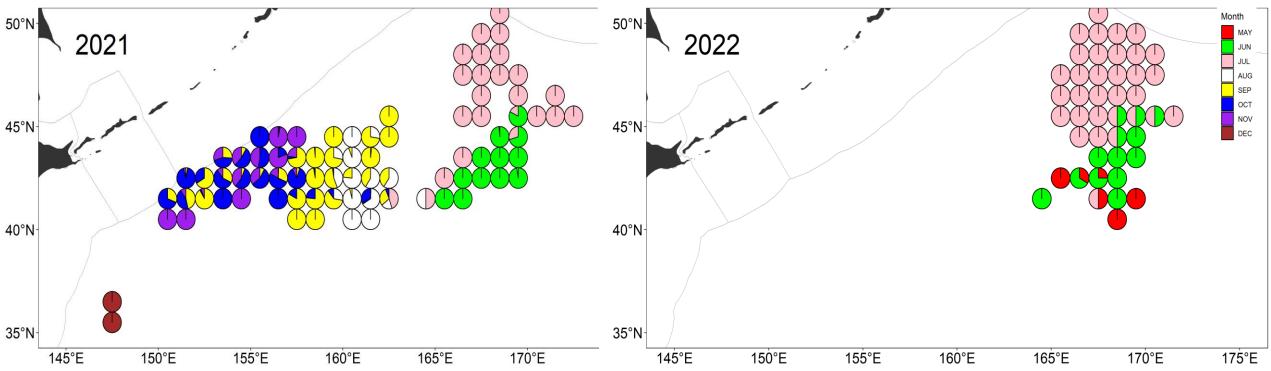


• This was the lowest since 2001.



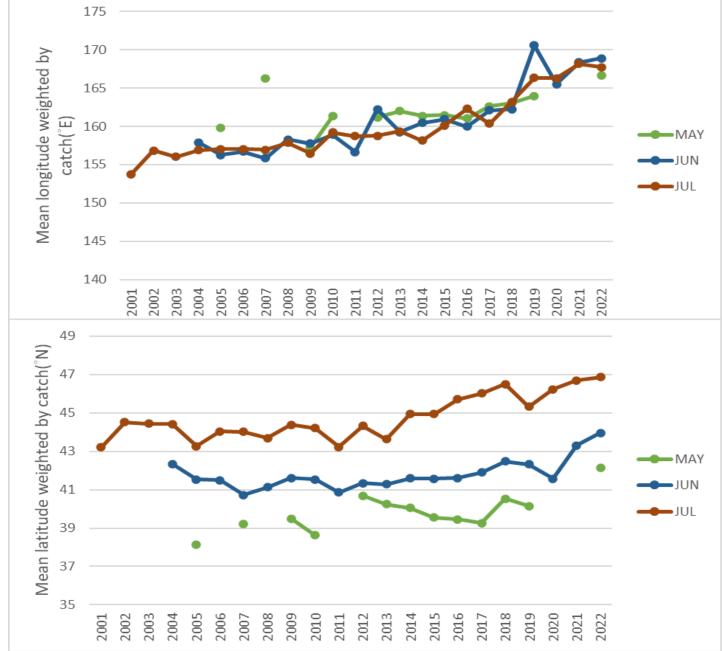
 The nominal CPUE is about 1 tons / haul, which is less than that of the same period last year

Fishing ground



 Comparing with the fishing activities distribution of 2021, it observed that the fishing grounds located more northward in 2022.

### Annual change of fishing ground



# Summary

- Accumulated catch by the end of July was 4,069 tons, which was less than that of the same period last year (4,895 tons).
- The nominal CPUE is about 1 tons /haul in 2022 (1.21 tons /haul in 2021, 1.32 tons /haul in 2020).

## Thank you for your attention