

Five-Year Research Plan and Work Plan of the Scientific Committee

North Pacific Fisheries Commission Scientific Committee 2022-2026 Research Plan

1.0 BACKGROUND

Article 10, Section 4(a) of the Convention on the Conservation and Management of High Seas Fisheries Resources in the North Pacific Ocean states that the Scientific Committee (SC) will "recommend to the Commission a research plan including specific issues and items to be addressed by the scientific experts or by other organizations or individuals, as appropriate, and identify data needs and coordinate activities that meet those needs."

An initial draft of this research and accompanying work plan was presented for review during the 4th Preparatory Conference and a subsequent discussion was held by a small working group to establish science priorities for the NPFC. This plan draws on those discussions and was updated by the SC Chair based on the progress made by the NPFC since that Conference.

The development of multi-year science research or work plans is common across regional fisheries management organizations as well as domestic fisheries science agencies. This draft plan draws on such examples, and has been developed for consideration by the SC before it may be adopted by the Commission.

2.0 OBJECTIVES

The research plan is intended to guide the work of the Scientific Committee by identifying key research priorities and associated areas of work to be undertaken or maintained. The plan should also serve to: ensure efficient utilization of scarce resources within the Commission; inform Parties' domestic research planning as a means of complementing the Commission's science activities; and help the Commission identify potential sources of external funding.

It is not intended as an exhaustive plan describing all research activities that may be carried out by Parties, nor is it intended to preclude work already taking place. The plan should support the Commission's primary objective (*Article 2* in the Convention), which is to "ensure the long-term conservation and sustainable use of the fisheries resources in the Convention Area while protecting the marine ecosystems of the North Pacific Ocean in which these resources occur". The plan should also help the Scientific Committee fulfill its functions as specified in the Convention.

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3.0 PRIORITY RESEARCH AREAS

In addition to discussions held during the Preparatory Conference (referenced above) followed by the Commission and Scientific Committee after their establishment, the identification of priority research areas draws largely from the Commission's Convention, which outlines specific functions for the Scientific Committee in *Article 10*, *Section 4*. These priority research areas are subject to the approval of the Commission, and may be revisited and/or revised as deemed appropriate by the Commission. Proposed rolling five-year work plans for each priority area are available in the attached (Annex 1).

The proposed priority research areas are:

- 1. Stock assessments for target fisheries and bycatch species
- 2. Ecosystem approach to fisheries management
- 3. Data collection, management and security

3.1 Stock Assessments

Rationale

Accurate stock assessments are critical in helping to ensure the long-term conservation and sustainable use of fisheries resources in the Convention Area. One of the primary functions of the Commission is setting total allowable catch or total allowable level of fishing effort, and as per *Article* 7-1(b), this is to be in "accordance with the advice and recommendations of the Scientific Committee".

Consistent with this, *Article 10-4(b)* states that one of the functions of the Scientific Committee is to "regularly plan, conduct and review the scientific assessments of the status of fisheries resources in the Convention Area, identify actions required for their conservation and management, and provide advice and recommendations to the Commission".

Finally, *Article 10-4(i)* states that the Scientific Committee shall also "develop rules and standards, for adoption by the Commission, for the collection, verification, reporting, and the security of, exchange of, access to and dissemination of data on fisheries resources, species belonging to the same ecosystem, or dependent upon or associated with the target stocks and fishing activities in the Convention Area".

The Scientific Committee should endeavor to understand the current status and trends in production of populations of priority species as agreed by the 2nd Commission meeting in 2016, as well as

factors that may affect future trends.

Areas of work

- Development of baseline assessment of the status of priority stocks
- Review of existing data standards in relation to stock assessments (e.g. Annual Report template, future vessel monitoring system)
- Stock delineation of important commercial species for the purpose of providing advice for the determination of management units
- For each commercial species, determination of data requirement, including data availability and data gaps; identification, where possible, of strategies to fill the data gaps, including for bycatch
- Development of a standardized method to provide advice to the Commission
- Development of assessment models by species and research as required to determine various assessment parameters

3.1.1. Pelagic fish stock assessment

Rationale

Pelagic fish and squids are primary fisheries resources for NPFC Members. They comprised more than 99% of total catch of species covered by the Convention. Many of them are migratory species with wide geographical distributions which include both EEZs of the North Pacific Rim countries and High Seas. Management of such stocks requires close cooperation among Members concerned to ensure sustainable use and conservation of fisheries resources.

Four fish species and two squid species were recognized by the Scientific Committee as priority species: Pacific saury *Cololabis saira*, Chub mackerel *Scomber japonicus*, Blue mackerel *Scomber australasicus*, Japanese sardine *Sardinops melanostictus*, Neon flying squid *Ommastrephes bartramii*, Japanese flying squid *Todarodes pacificus*.

Areas of work

- Completion of stock assessment for Pacific saury and development of the framework and timeline for its regular improvement and update
- Conducting stock assessment for Chub mackerel and other priority species considering their top-down prioritization (Spotted mackerel Japanese sardine Neon flying squid Japanese flying squid) and available funds and capacity
- Identification of data gaps, determination of activities to address those gaps and development of

standards and mechanisms for data collection and verification

• Develop a management strategy evaluation (MSE) for Pacific saury in collaboration with NPFC's Commission, Small Working Group on Management Strategy Evaluation for Pacific Saury (SWG MSE PS), Technical and Compliance Committee (TCC),, fishery managers, fishers, stakeholders, and observers.

3.1.2. Bottom fish stock assessment

Rationale

Data used for traditional stock assessment are sparse for bottom fish, and it is unlikely that traditional methods will be applicable for most deepwater species in the Convention Area. In addition, some bottom species have unique life cycles, sporadic recruitment patterns and irregular spawning-recruitment relationships that also makes difficult accurate stock assessment. All these require specific approaches for management and sustainable use of bottom fisheries resources. More than ten bottom species have been exploited by fisheries in the Convention Area during the last two decades. Two fish are recognized as priority species: North Pacific armorhead (NPA) *Pentaceros wheeleri* and splendid alfonsino (SA) *Beryx splendens*.

Areas of work

- Review of approaches applicable for stock assessment of target bottom species and investigate various management strategies
- Further development of the Adaptive Management approach for NPA and mechanism for its implementation
- Identification of data needs and establishment of activities to fill data gaps

3.2 Ecosystem Approach to Fisheries Management

Rationale

Article 3 (c) in the Convention states that: "In giving effect to the objective of this Convention, the following actions shall be taken individually or collectively as appropriate: (c) adopting and implementing measures in accordance with the precautionary approach and an ecosystem approach to fisheries, and in accordance with the relevant rules of international law, in particular as reflected in the 1982 Convention, the 1995 Agreement and other relevant international instruments".

Article 7-1 (c,d) in the Convention states that the Commission shall: "adopt, where necessary, conservation and management measures for species belonging to the same ecosystem or dependent upon or associated with the target stocks"; and, "adopt, where necessary, management strategies for any fisheries resources and for species belonging to the same ecosystem or dependent upon or associated with the target stocks, as may be necessary to achieve the objective of this Convention."

Article 10-4 (d) states that the Scientific Committee shall "assess the impacts of fishing activities on fisheries resources and species belonging to the same ecosystem or dependent upon or associated with the target stocks."

Areas of work

- Formulation of a work plan on how to implement the ecosystem approach to fisheries management in the Convention Area
- Vulnerable Marine Ecosystems
- Understand ecological interactions among species
- Ecosystem modelling
- Evaluate impacts of fishing on fisheries resources and their ecosystem components, including bycatch species
- Other issues related to marine ecosystems including marine debris and pollution

3.2.1 Vulnerable Marine Ecosystems

Rationale

The identification of vulnerable marine ecosystems is a necessary precursor to implementing measures to protect these ecosystems, and such measures are explicitly called for in the Convention (e.g. *Article 7-1(e)*).

Article 10-4 (e) states that the Scientific Committee shall "develop a process to identify vulnerable marine ecosystems, including relevant criteria for doing so, and identify, based on the best scientific information available, areas or features where these ecosystems are known to occur, or are likely to occur, and the location of bottom fisheries in relation to these areas or features, taking due account of the need to protect confidential information."

Article 7-1 (e) states that the Commission shall "adopt conservation and management measures to prevent significant adverse impacts on vulnerable marine ecosystems in the Convention Area, including but not limited to: measures for conducting and reviewing impact assessments to

determine if fishing activities would produce such impacts on such ecosystems in a given area; measures to address unexpected encounters with vulnerable marine ecosystems in the course of normal bottom fishing activities; and as appropriate, measures that specify locations in which fishing activities shall not occur."

To date, Japan, Russia, Korea, the US and Canada have completed a report on identification of VMEs and an assessment of impacts caused by bottom fishing activities on VMEs and marine species. The Scientific Committee may build on these reports, which will be kept up to date by respective Parties.

Areas of work

- Review existing NPFC standards on VME data collection, including guidelines set forth in the CMMs for bottom fisheries and protection of vulnerable marine ecosystems in the northwestern and northeastern Pacific Ocean (CMM 2021-05 and CMM 2019-06), and determine if any modifications to these standards are needed in the short-term and/or longer term
- Review of Encounter Protocol for bottom fisheries on Vulnerable Marine Ecosystems
- Determination of data requirements and identification of what data may be collected through commercial fishing operations
- Develop consensus on criteria used to identify VMEs and how this might be applied in the NPFC (note that guidelines from the FAO are already referenced in Annex 2 of the CMM 2021-05 and CMM 2019-06)
- Analysis of known or suspected VMEs in the Convention Area
- Visual surveys of VMEs for data collection
- Development of a framework to conduct assessments of Impacts of Bottom Fishing Activities on Vulnerable Marine Ecosystems

3.2.1.1 Review of Encounter Protocol for bottom fisheries on Vulnerable Marine Ecosystems

Rationale

The purposes of VME encounter protocols in NPFC Convention Area include:

- Ensuring early detection and protection of potential VMEs within an existing fishing area;
- Ensuring early detection and protection of potential VME within an unfished area;
- Documenting information on known occurrences of VME indicators within the Convention Area.

Development of the Encounter Protocol progressed through Scientific Committee meetings as well

as intersessional activities. VME encounter protocols are incorporated in the CMMs for bottom fisheries and protection of vulnerable marine ecosystems in the northwestern and northeastern Pacific Ocean, specifically in Para 4(g) and 3(j), respectively.

Areas of Work

Consideration of the following subjects of research and analyses are recommended to further refine encounter protocols in the Convention Area (as notified in Appendix C, NPFC01-2016-SSCVME01- Final Report):

- Other taxa, topographical, geographical and geological features that may indicate the presence of VMEs;
- Taxon-specific encounter thresholds and reporting;
- Framework for evaluating the effectiveness of encounter protocols;
- Tiered approach with different encounter protocols associated with different thresholds;
- Gear-specific thresholds to reflect differences in catchability;
- Gear-specific move-on distances to reflect type of gear;
- Different reporting requirements for different catches;
- Tiered approach to reporting bycatch of VME indicator taxa;
- Different encounter protocols for existing and new fishing areas

3.3 Data collection, management and security

Rationale

Article 10, paragraph 4 (i) in the Convention states that the functions of the Scientific Committee shall be to: "develop rules and standards, for adoption by the Commission, for the collection, verification, reporting, and the security of, exchange of, access to and dissemination of data on fisheries resources, species belonging to the same ecosystem, or dependent upon or associated with the target stocks and fishing activities in the Convention Area".

Areas of work

- Review of data standards related to stock assessments and other relevant data, including VME data collection and vessel monitoring systems
- Identify data sources to meet data needs for priority areas of work above and develop programs for data collection
- Develop data security policy including data handling and sharing protocol, information

confidentiality classification and access control security guideline

4.0 IMPLEMENTATION AND REVIEW

The SC will review the Research Plan and update it as necessary on an annual basis. The Research Plan will form the foundation of SC's rolling five-year Work Plan. Monitoring the implementation of this Research Plan will be the responsibility of the Chair of the Scientific Committee in collaboration with the Chairs of the Scientific Committees' subsidiary groups and the Executive Secretary. Members of the Commission and the Secretariat will share responsibility for implementation of the Research Plan.

Full implementation of the Research Plan will likely be beyond the means of the Commission's core budget. Extra-budgetary funds from voluntary contributions of Members and other sources will be required and actively sought by the Commission. Nevertheless, adoption of the Plan by the Scientific Committee and subsequent strong support from the Commission is a prerequisite to securing the necessary extra-budgetary funds.

An independent external review of the Plan may periodically be requested by the SC. The Scientific Committee will be responsible for preparing the terms of reference for the review. The Scientific Committee will present the report of the review to the next regular session of the Commission.

5.0 SCIENTIFIC COLLABORATION WITH OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

While not included as a priority, *Article 21* of the Convention addresses cooperation with other organizations or arrangements. It calls on the Commission to cooperate, as appropriate, on matters of mutual interest with the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), other specialized agencies of the FAO and relevant Regional Fisheries Management Organizations (RFMOs). Further, the Commission is called on to develop cooperative working relationships, including potential agreements, with intergovernmental organizations that can contribute to its work.

Article 10 also speaks to this issue in clauses five and six, stating that the Scientific Committee may exchange information on matters of mutual interest with other relevant scientific organizations or arrangements, and that the Committee shall not duplicate the activities of other scientific organizations and arrangements that cover the Convention Area.

The impetus to collaborate is made stronger by the prospect of limited research funding in the Commission, at least in the short-term, but it is also in the best interests of the Commission to seek synergies with other organizations with mutual interests and similar membership (e.g. North Pacific

Marine Science Organization (PICES) and North Pacific Anadromous Fish Commission (NPAFC)).

Activities could include:

- Evaluate reports of International Organizations that may be relevant to the functioning of the Scientific Committee
- Identify other organizations with relevant mandates and activities
- Formalize relationships with these organizations (e.g. MOUs, standing invitations to meetings)
- Identify potential funding opportunities

Five-Year Work Plan of the Scientific Committee and its subsidiary bodies

Small Scientific Committee on Pacific Saury (SSC PS)

Priority list:

- 1. Conduct a stock assessment update based on BSSPM analyses
- 2. Further investigate improvements to the BSSPM
- 3. Develop an age/size-structured model
- 4. Develop a list of plausible ranges for biological parameters
- 5. Develop databases to support age/size-structured models
- 6. Continue joint CPUE work to incorporate broader spatial and temporal coverage
- 7. Update the biomass estimate using the existing method (swept area method)
- 8. Develop spatio-temporal model for the biomass estimate
- 9. Further refine the catchability coefficient of the Japanese survey and characterize its variance
- 10. Develop a longer-term roadmap for work related to Pacific saury stock assessment
- 11. Set biological reference points
- 12. Support any technical work on MSE under SWG MSE PS

[H] and [M] indicate high and medium priorities. Cells with "TBD" depend on the progress of data preparation and analytical works.

ITEM	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Regular update of inputs					
Update & improvement of biomass survey index	Continue regular review [H] of 1) survey plan 2) analytical work 3) any related issues	Continue regular review [H] of 1) survey plan 2) analytical work 3) any related issues including experiments to produce absolute biomass index and additional surveys by other Members to increase coverage	Same as on the left [H]	Same as on the left [H]	Same as on the left [H]
Update & improvement of CPUE indices	Continue review of outcomes of regular update and analytical works [H]	Same as on the left [H]	Same as on the left [H]	Same as on the left [H]	Same as on the left [H]
Development of joint CPUE index	Continue review of outcomes of regular update and analytical works [H]	Same as on the left [H]	Same as on the left [H]	Same as on the left [H]	Same as on the left [H]
Regular update of the existing SA					
Routine update BSSPM as a benchmark	Continue review of outcomes of regular BSSPM update [H]	Same as on the left [H] 1)	Same as on the left [H] 1)	Same as on the left [H] 1)	Same as on the left [H] ¹⁾
Improvement and further investigation of BSSPM	Review any outcomes of improvements, inter alia in light of possible incorporation of environmental information [H]	Same as on the left [H]	Same as on the left [H]	Same as on the left [H]	Same as on the left [H]
Toward age/size- structured models (ASSMs)					
Data inventory (CPUE	Continue update of data	TBD ²⁾	TBD ²⁾	TBD ²⁾	TBD ²⁾

ITEM	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
and size/age in space and time)	for stock assessment with ASSMs [H]				
Summarizing available information on PS biology	Continue update of information for stock assessment with ASSMs [H]	TBD ²⁾	TBD ²⁾	TBD ²⁾	TBD ²⁾
Development of models	Finalize models and results of analyses by ASSMs [H]	TBD ²⁾	$TBD^{2)}$	$TBD^{2)}$	TBD ²⁾
Uncertainty in models (possible link with OM grid under MSE)	Finalize the procedure of assessing model uncertainty [H]	TBD ²⁾	$TBD^{2)}$	$TBD^{2)}$	TBD ²⁾
Examination of estimation performance and finalization of models	Finalize simulation works [H]	TBD ²⁾	$TBD^{2)}$	$TBD^{2)}$	TBD ²⁾

¹⁾ As a backup method as well as an underlying assessment method used in a management procedure, it seems sensible to keep this as one of reference assessment models.

²⁾ These items might be re-structured depending on the progress of preparation of data and biological information as well as the development of models.

Technical Working Group on Chub Mackerel Stock Assessment (TWG CMSA)

Priority list:

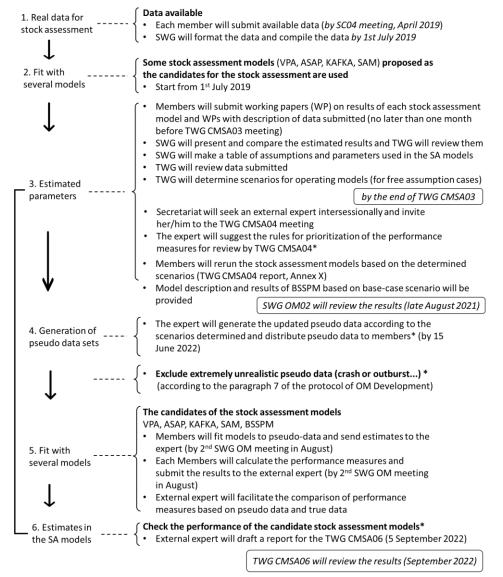
- 1. Data preparation and review of biological information
- 2. Develop an operating model
- 3. Test stock assessment models (VPA, ASAP, KAFKA, SAM, state-space production model)
- 4. Conduct stock assessment of chub mackerel
- 5. Set biological reference points
- 6. Provide scientific advice on the management of chub mackerel stock to the Commission

7. Regularly update and refine inputs

ITEM	2022 autumn	2023 1st half	2023 2 nd half	2024	2025	2026
Regular update of inputs						
Research survey indices	Review (Finalize) the data used for the stock assessment	Finalize the data used for the stock assessment	Update	Update	Update	Update
CPUE indices	Review standardized CPUE indices for stock assessment	Finalized CPUE standardization	Update	Update	Update	Update
Catch data/catch composition	Review the data used for the stock assessment	 Finalize the data used for the stock assessment Submit historical annual CAA data 	Update	Update	Update	Update
Biological parameters (maturity, M, weight)	Determine the range of assumption for preliminary stock assessment	Finalize assumptions for the stock assessment	Review biological parameters	Review biological parameters	Review biological parameters	Review biological parameters
Quarterly fishery data (CAA, WAA, Maturity-at-age)		 Summit quarterly fishery data Share and standardize agecounting rule 				
Operating model (OM)						

ITEM	2022 autumn	2023 1st half	2023 2 nd half	2024	2025	2026
Development of operating model						
Testing stock assessment models	Determine how to rank the stock assessment model candidates based on the performance measures Choose the best SA model(s)	Determine performance measures/metrics to choose the best SA model(s) Determine how to rank the stock assessment model candidates based on the performance measures Choose the best SA model(s)				
Stock assessment						
Benchmark stock assessment		 Determine the method for future projection Conduct preliminary stock assessment with the selected model (intersessionally after TWG CMSA07) 	Complete stock assessment with the selected SA model(s)	Update SA model	Update SA model	
Improvement and further investigation of the selected model				Review and improve, if needed, the SA model	Review and improve, if needed, the SA model	Review and improve, if needed, the SA model
Toward development of reference points						
Set biological reference points (limit and target)		 Review RPs report Develop a short list of reference points Compare robustness of reference points 	Choose reference points	Review reference points		

Flowchart for the development of operating models and testing stock assessment models



* By an external expert

Small Scientific Committee on Bottom Fish and Marine Ecosystems (SSC BF-ME)

Priority list:

- 1. NPA and SA: Develop catch and CPUE time series for commercial fisheries
- 2. NPA: Review survey
- 3. NPA: Conduct comprehensive stock assessment and provide management advice
- 4. SA: Conduct comprehensive stock assessment and provide management advice
- 5. NPA, SA and Sablefish: Develop and implement harvest control rule
- 6. Sablefish: Evaluate historical harvest relative to trip limits and update trip limits if necessary
- 7. Sablefish and VME: Conduct trade-off analysis between commercial fishing and VME protection
- 8. VME: Develop a process for establishing quantitative definitions of VMEs
- 9. VME: Develop standardized approach to SAI determination

ITEM	SSC BFME03 (2022)	SSC BFME04 (2023)	SSC BFME05 (2024)	SSC BFME06 (2025)	SSC BFME07 (2026)
North Pacific Armorhead					
Assess and monitor status	Update catch data and	Update catch data and	Update catch data and	Update catch data and	Update catch data and
of stock	CPUE index for NPA	CPUE index for NPA	CPUE index for NPA	CPUE index for NPA	CPUE index for NPA
	Review results of NPA	Review results of NPA	Review results of NPA	Review results of NPA	Review results of NPA
	monitoring surveys	monitoring surveys	monitoring surveys	monitoring surveys	monitoring surveys
	Life history based DLM approach	Implement alternative methods for stock status	Update status of stock	Update status of stock	Update status of stock
	Review acoustic survey and research	Compare CPUE and acoustic estimates			

ITEM	SSC BFME03 (2022)	SSC BFME04 (2023)	SSC BFME05 (2024)	SSC BFME06 (2025)	SSC BFME07 (2026)
	Identify and conduct				
	additional research on				
	NPA	NPA	NPA	NPA	NPA
	Review fisheries				
	observer program data				
	collection for adequacy				
	to produce data				
	streams to support				
	management advice				
		Develop conservation			
Conserve stock		objective(s)			
		Implement adaptive			
		management			
	Refine harvest control	Develop HCR and	Update data and	Update data and	
	rule if needed	implement	implement HCR	implement HCR	
Splendid alfonsino					
Assess and monitor status	Update catch data and				
of stock	CPUE index for SA				
		Update comprehensive	Update comprehensive	Update comprehensive	
		stock assessment or	stock assessment or	stock assessment or	
		data limited approach,	data limited approach,	data limited approach,	
	DLM approach life	and provide	and provide	and provide	
	history	management advice	management advice	management advice	

ITEM	SSC BFME03 (2022)	SSC BFME04 (2023)	SSC BFME05 (2024)	SSC BFME06 (2025)	SSC BFME07 (2026)
	Review fisheries	Review fisheries	Review fisheries	Review fisheries	
	observer program data	observer program data	observer program data	observer program data	
	collection for adequacy	collection for adequacy	collection for adequacy	collection for adequacy	
	to produce data	to produce data	to produce data	to produce data	
	streams to support	streams to support	streams to support	streams to support	
	management advice	management advice	management advice	management advice	
		Develop conservation			
		objective(s);			
		Define and implement	Update data and	Update data and	
Conserve stock		harvest control rule	implement HCR	implement HCR	
Sablefish					
Assess and monitor status	Update catch data and				
of stock	CPUE index				
	Provide an update on				
	USA-Canada stock				
	assessment models for				
	Sablefish and joint				
	research on Sablefish				
	Review fisheries				
	observer program data				
	collection for adequacy				
	to produce data				

ITEM	SSC BFME03 (2022)	SSC BFME04 (2023)	SSC BFME05 (2024)	SSC BFME06 (2025)	SSC BFME07 (2026)
	streams to support	streams to support	streams to support	streams to support	streams to support
	management advice	management advice	management advice	management advice	management advice
	Update catch limits	Update catch limits			
Conserve stock	relative to stock status	relative to stock status			
	Conduct analysis of				
	sablefish associations				
	with VME				
Other research	(intersessional)				
	Conduct trade-off	Update trade-off			
	analysis for Sablefish	analysis for Sablefish			
	fishing and VME	fishing and VME			
	protection	protection (as new data			
	(intersessional)	is available)			
Vulnerable marine					
ecosystems					
	Bring together VME	Bring together VME			
	indicator taxa	indicator taxa			
	observation data from	observation data from			
Defining and Identifying	various sources and	various sources and			
VMEs	map for NPFC area	map for NPFC area			

ITEM	SSC BFME03 (2022)	SSC BFME04 (2023)	SSC BFME05 (2024)	SSC BFME06 (2025)	SSC BFME07 (2026)
	Determine a quantitative definition of VMEs	Review and update quantitative definition of VMEs			
Identifying and defining SAI's	Determine data requirements and resolution for SAI assessment	Apply the standardized approach for SAI assessments and conduct integrated SAI assessment	Conduct integrated SAI assessment	Conduct integrated SAI assessment	Conduct integrated SAI assessment
	Discuss VME indicator taxa and whether species/taxa should be added/subtracted	Review updated taxonomy for corals relative to VME indicator taxa			
Quantifying interactions between fisheries and	Update spatially explicit fishing effort	Update spatially explicit fishing effort	Update spatially explicit fishing effort	Update spatially explicit fishing effort	Update spatially explicit fishing effort
VMEs	data Review fisheries	data Review fisheries	data Review fisheries	data Review fisheries	data Review fisheries
	observer program data collection for adequacy to produce data streams to support management advice	observer program data collection for adequacy to produce data streams to support management advice	observer program data collection for adequacy to produce data streams to support management advice	observer program data collection for adequacy to produce data streams to support management advice	observer program data collection for adequacy to produce data streams to support management advice
Conserving VMEs	Develop management objectives for recovering VME sites	Develop management objectives for	Periodic review of VME management	Periodic review of VME management	Periodic review of VME management

ITEM	SSC BFME03 (2022)	SSC BFME04 (2023)	SSC BFME05 (2024)	SSC BFME06 (2025)	SSC BFME07 (2026)
		recovering VME sites			
		(lower priority)			
	Literature review on				
	impacts and impact				
	rates by fishing gears				
Other ecosystem					
components					
	Publication of fish ID				
	guide for scientific				
	observers in the NW				
	Pacific Ocean				

Scientific Committee (SC)

Priority list

As stipulated in the Convention, Article 10, the Scientific Committee shall provide scientific advice and recommendations to the Commission which is considered the highest priority task of the SC. The following priority areas have been identified for SC:

- 1. Priority species summaries and stock assessments for management advice
- 2. Management Strategy Evaluation (MSE) for priority species
- 3. Ecosystem approach to fisheries management: understand ecological interactions among species and impacts of fishing on fisheries resources and their ecosystem components
- 4. Collaboration with other organizations
- 5. Regular review of the research plan and work plan
- 6. Data collection, management, and security

ITEM	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Priority Species					
Summaries of priority	Draft summary sheet	Update summary sheets	Update summary sheets	Update summary sheets	Update summary sheets
species		as needed	as needed	as needed	as needed
Assessment of Blue	Collate data	Collate data	Collate data	Collate data	Collate data
(Spotted) Mackerel and					
associated bycatch	Compile data on the	Develop data collection	Determine spatial	Update baseline stock	Update baseline stock
	catch composition of	templates and share data	structure of stocks	assessment as needed	assessment as needed
	Chub Mackerel and Blue			and provide management	and provide management
	Mackerel		Undertake baseline stock	advice including harvest	advice including harvest
			assessment and provide	control rules	control rules
			management advice		

ITEM	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
			including harvest control	Collate data on	Assess impacts of
			rules	associated bycatch	fishery on dependent or
				species	associated species
Assessment of Japanese	Collate data	Collate data	Collate data	Collate data	Collate data
Sardine and associated					
bycatch	Develop data collection	Determine spatial	Undertake baseline stock	Update baseline stock	Update baseline stock
	templates and share data	structure of stocks	assessment and provide	assessment as needed	assessment as needed
			management advice	and provide management	and provide management
		Undertake baseline stock	including harvest control	advice including harvest	advice including harvest
		assessment and provide	rules	control rules	control rules
		management advice			
		including harvest control		Collate data on	Assess impacts of
		rules		associated bycatch	fishery on dependent or
				species	associated species
Assessment of Neon	Collate data	Collate data	Collate data	Collate data	Collate data
Flying Squid and					
associated bycatch	Develop data collection	Undertake baseline stock	Update baseline stock	Update baseline stock	Update baseline stock
	templates	assessment and provide	assessment as needed	assessment as needed	assessment as needed
		management advice	and provide management	and provide management	and provide management
	Determine spatial	including harvest control	advice including harvest	advice including harvest	advice including harvest
	structure of stocks	rules	control rules	control rules	control rules
			Collate data on		
			associated bycatch		

ITEM	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
			species	Collate data on	Assess impacts of
				associated bycatch	fishery on dependent or
				species	associated species
Assessment of Japanese	Collate data	Collate data	Collate data	Collate data	Collate data
Flying Squid and					
associated bycatch	Develop data collection	Determine spatial	Undertake baseline stock	Update baseline stock	Update baseline stock
	templates	structure of stocks	assessment and provide	assessment as needed	assessment as needed
			management advice	and provide management	and provide management
			including harvest control	advice including harvest	advice including harvest
			rules	control rules	control rules
				Develop baseline stock	Assess impacts of
			Collate data on	assessment of associated	fishery on dependent or
			associated bycatch	bycatch species	associated species
			species		
Management Strategy					
Evaluation (MSE)					
Pacific Saury	Support NPFC's SWG	Support NPFC's SWG	Support NPFC's SWG	Support NPFC's SWG	Support NPFC's SWG
	MSE PS in achieving its	MSE PS in achieving its	MSE PS in achieving its	MSE PS in achieving its	MSE PS in achieving its
	goals	goals	goals	goals	goals
Ecosystem approach to					
fisheries management					
Ecological Interactions	Understand ecological	Understand ecological	Understand ecological	Understand ecological	Understand ecological
	interactions among	interactions among	interactions among	interactions among	interactions among

ITEM	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
	species in the North				
	Pacific Ocean				
Impacts of fishing on	Evaluate impacts of				
ecosystem component	fishing on fisheries				
	resources and their				
	ecosystem components,				
	including bycatch				
	species and discards				
Collaboration with					
other Organizations					
PICES	Review implementation				
	of NPFC-PICES				
	Framework for				
	Collaboration	Collaboration	Collaboration	Collaboration	Collaboration
	Review ICES-PICES	Identify other	Identify other	Identify other	Identify other
	WGSPF activities	opportunities for	opportunities for	opportunities for	opportunities for
		collaboration with	collaboration with	collaboration with	collaboration with
		PICES.	PICES	PICES	PICES
	Review PICES WG43				
	activities	Review PICES WG43			
		activities			
		Review NPFC-PICES			

ITEM	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
		workshop on VME			
		indicator identification			
FAO		Review NPFC's	Review NPFC's	Review NPFC's	Review NPFC's
		involvement in the 2nd			
		Phase of the GEF-FAO			
		Common Oceans	Common Oceans	Common Oceans	Common Oceans
		Programme	Programme	Programme	Programme
NPAFC	Review work plan to	Undertake scientific	Undertake scientific	Undertake scientific	Undertake scientific
	implement	activities to achieve	activities to achieve	activities to achieve	activities to achieve
	NPFC/NPAFC	relevant deliverables of	relevant deliverables of	relevant deliverables of	relevant deliverables of
	Memorandum of	the work plan	the work plan	the work plan	the work plan
	Cooperation				
	Review NPAFC- NPFC				
	multinational survey				
	program				
Other organizations	Review collaborations				
	with other organizations				
Research and Work					
Plans					
Terms of Reference	Review SC's Terms of				
	Reference, as needed				

ITEM	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Research Plan	Update SC's rolling 5-				
	year research plan				
Work Plan	Update SC's rolling 5-				
	year work plan				
Projects	Review completed and				
	ongoing projects				
	Identify and prioritize				
	new projects and				
	recommend sources of				
	funding	funding	funding	funding	funding
Data Management					
	Review data standards in				
	relation to stock				
	assessment of priority				
	species	species	species	species	species
	Discuss need for				
	additional sources of				
	data for scientific				
	analyses and associated				
	data management policy				
Recommendations					
Advice	Develop	Develop	Develop	Develop	Develop

ITEM	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
	recommendations for the				
	Commission, TCC, and				
	FAC	FAC	FAC	FAC	FAC
Media Communication					
Press Release	Prepare and publish a				
	press release about SC				
	activities during its				
	meeting	meeting	meeting	meeting	meeting