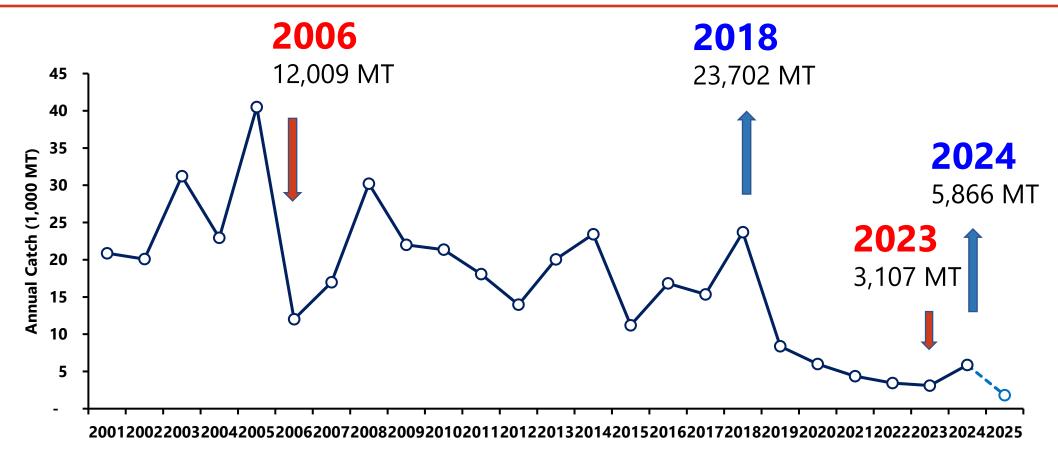
# Korean Stick-held dip net (SHDN) Fishery Status up to July 2025

**National Institute of Fisheries Science** 

**Republic of Korea** 

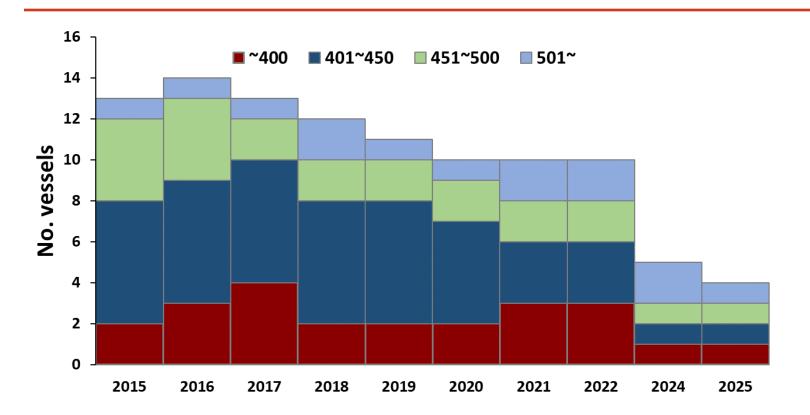


## **Pacific Saury Annual Catch**



- Annual catch decreased continuously from 2018 to 2023, but it has increased slightly since 2024.
- By July 2025, the annual catch reached to 1,818 tonnes, about 29% higher than the same period last year.

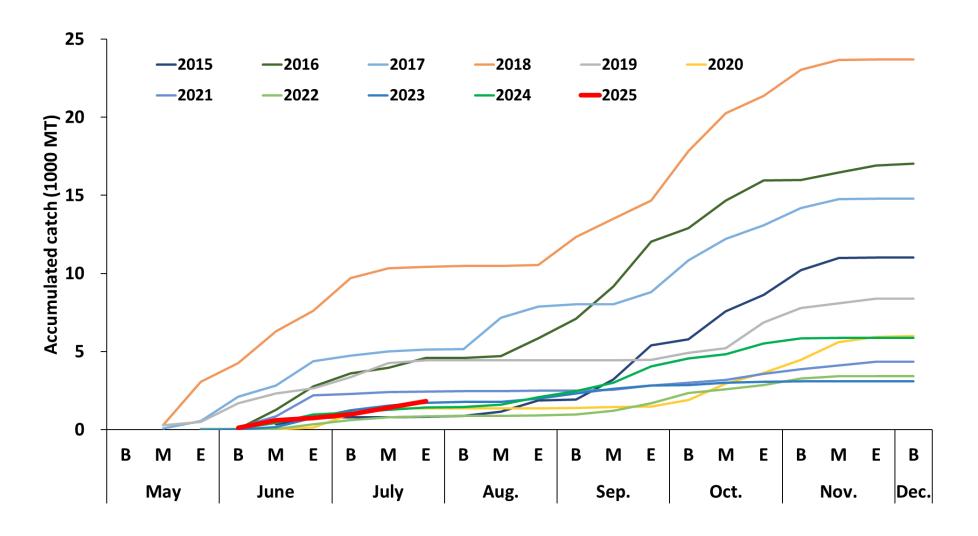
#### **Number of Korean SHDN Vessels**



GT	2022	2023	2024	2025
~400	3	2	1	1
401~450	3	1	1	1
451~500	2	2	1	1
501~	2	1	2	2
Total	10	6	5	4

- 14 to 10 SHDN vessels operated from 2015 to 2022 each year.
- The number of Korean SHDN Vessels has decreased gradually.
- In 2025, 4 fishing vessels are in operation compared with 5 vessels last year due to the continued low catch level of PS since 2018.

#### **Accumulated Catch**

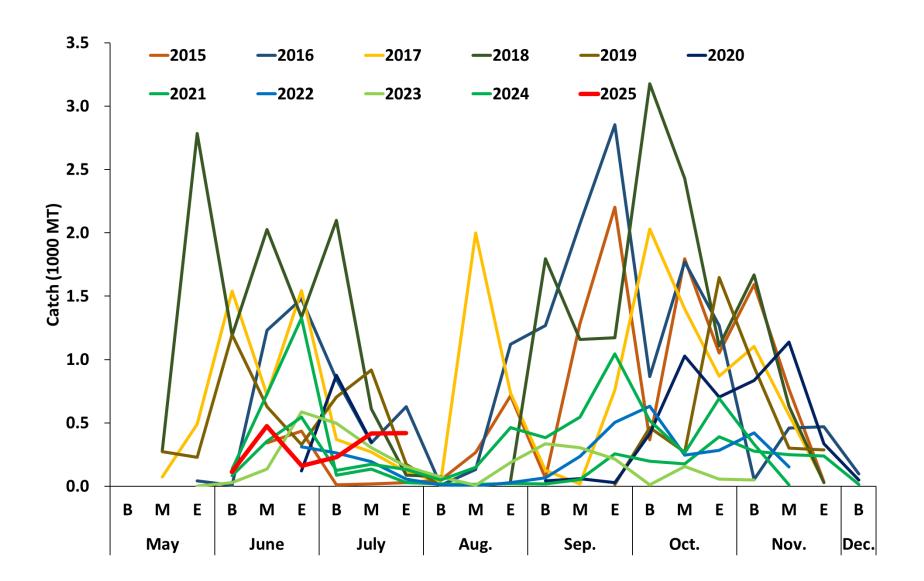


B: Day 1<sup>st</sup> – 10<sup>th</sup>

M: Day  $11^{th} - 20^{th}$ 

E: Day 21st –

#### **Seasonal Catch**

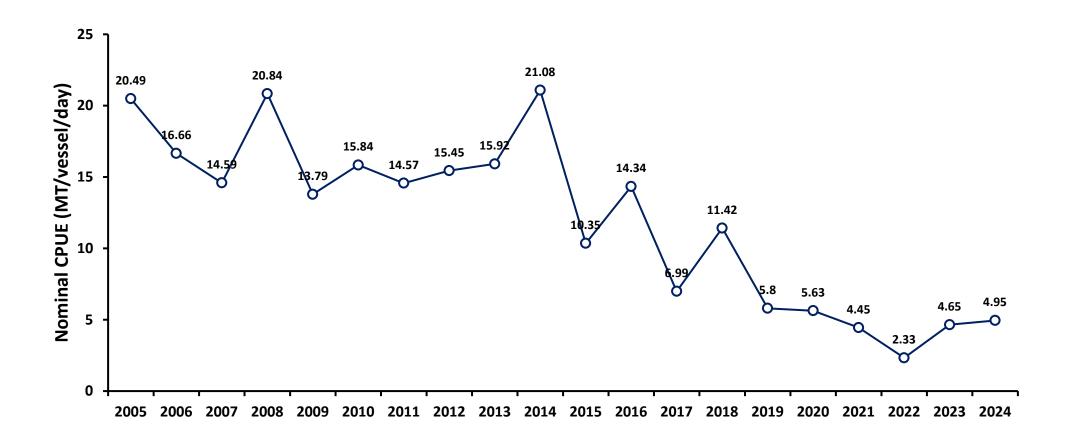


B: Day 1<sup>st</sup> – 10<sup>th</sup>

M: Day  $11^{th} - 20^{th}$ 

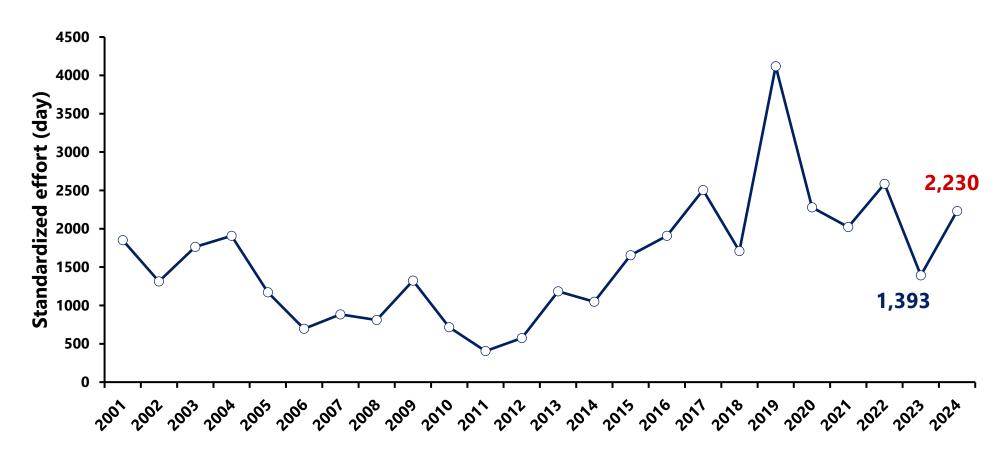
E: Day 21st –

#### **Nominal CPUE**



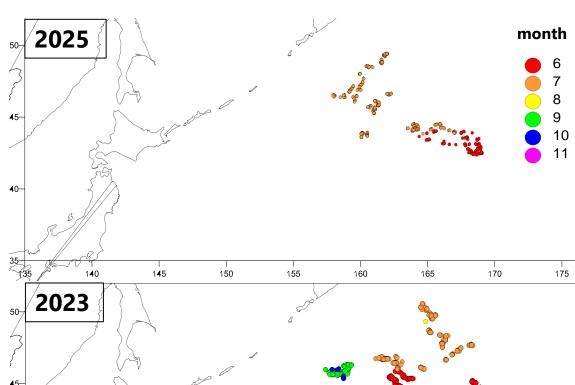
• Nominal CPUE in 2024 was 4.95 and has increased since 2023.

#### Standardized Effort(Catch/std CPUE)

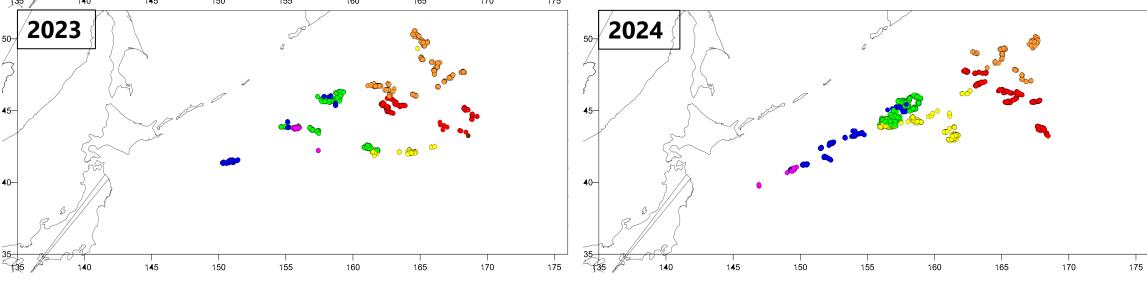


- The standardized effort was 2,230 in 2024, representing a significant increase compared to the previous year.
  - The number of fishing vessels decreased from 6 in 2023 to 5 in 2024.

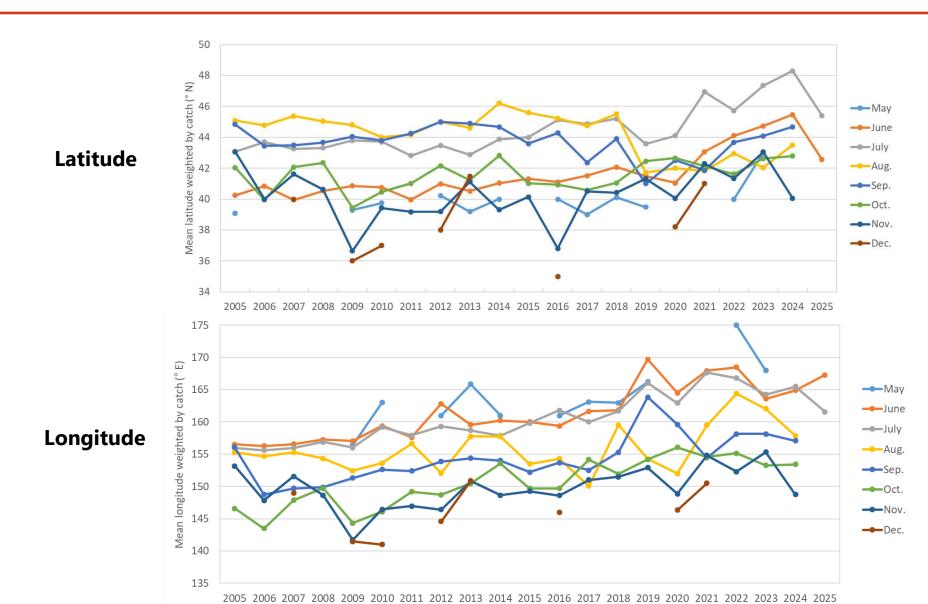
# **Fishing Grounds**



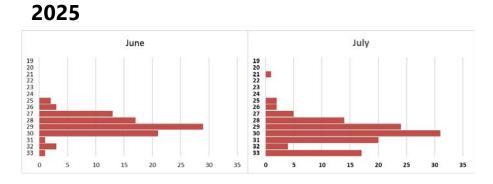
- Korean PS fishing operations took place between 145-170°E longitude.
- Fishing operations in June and July 2025 shifted southward compared to 2023 and 2024.



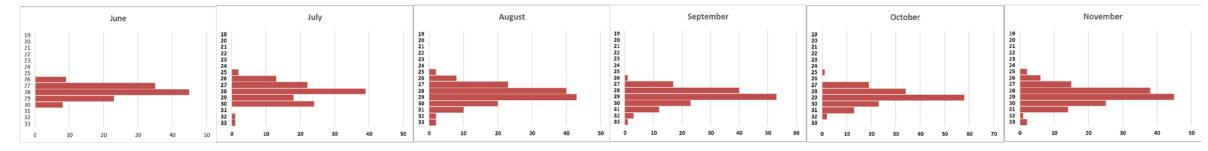
# **Annual Change of Fishing Ground**



#### Seasonal Size Compositions (Length data measured onboard by crew)



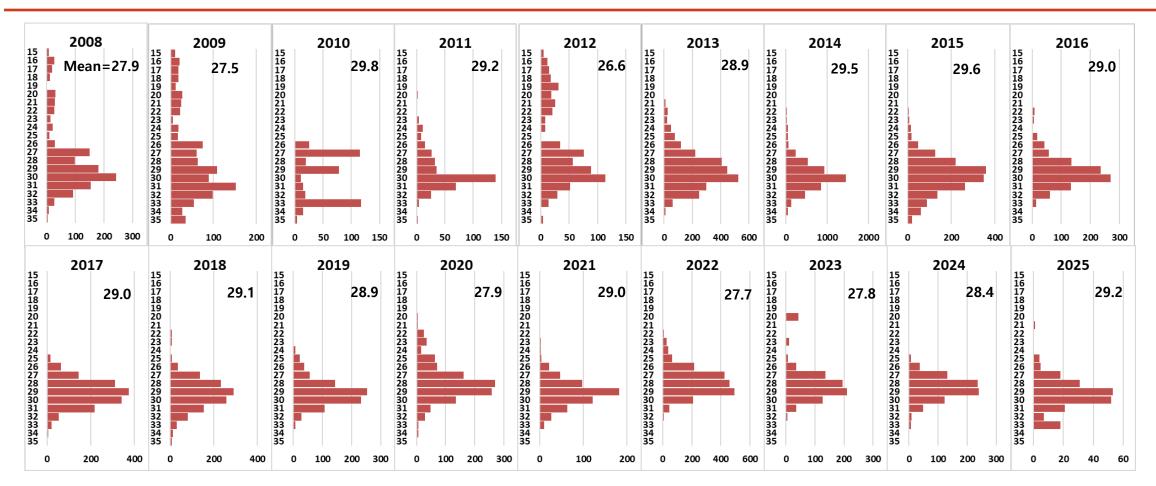
#### 2024



No. of individuals

- In 2025, the mean FL in June and July was 28.5 cm and 29.7 cm, respectively. These values were larger than those in the same months of the previous year.
- In 2024, the FL range was 25-33 cm, with a mean value of 28.4 cm. It was lowest in June (27.7) and highest in September (28.7).

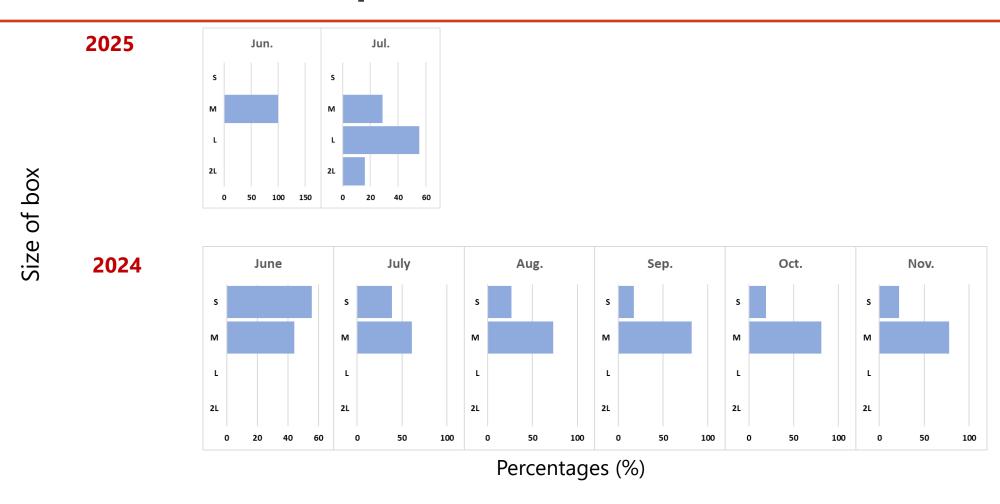
# **Annual Change of Size Compositions (All fishing season)**



No. of individuals

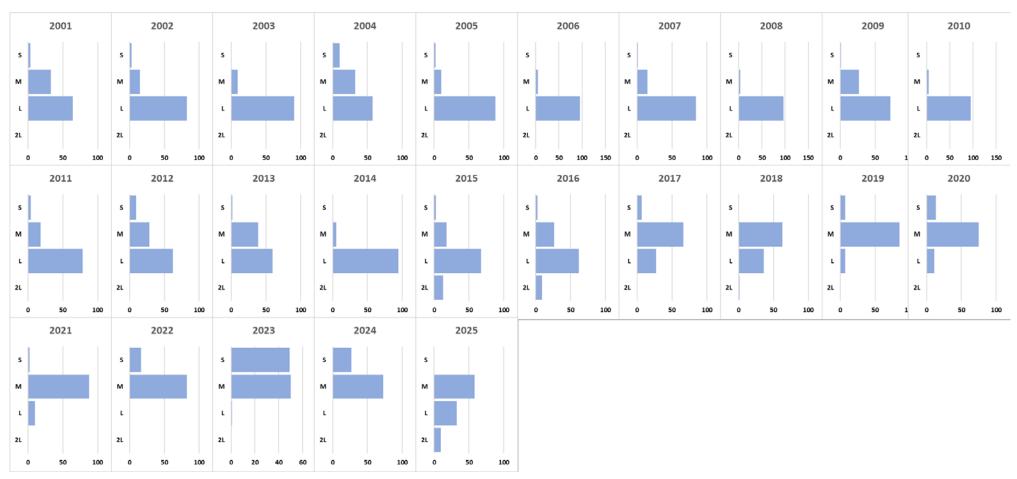
From 2008 to 2025, the mean FL ranged from 26 to 29 cm, and no significant annual trend was observed.

### **Seasonal Size Box Compositions**



- In 2025, the M ratio was dominant in June, while the L ratio was dominant was in July, compared with the same months in 2024 when the S and M ratios were dominant.
  - \* S: 18–30cm; M: 23–33cm; L: 27–34cm; 2L: 29–34cm (fork length)

# **Annual Change of Size Box Compositions (All fishing season)**



Percentages (%)

• The L ratio used to be dominant until 2016, whereas the M ratio has been dominant up to July 2025. 
\* S: 18–30cm; M: 23–33cm; L: 27–34cm; 2L: 29–34cm (fork length)

## Bycatch species in stick-held dip net

- Analysis of data collected by observers on each vessel in 2021 and 2022.
- The number of bycatch species was 5 in 2021 and 6 in 2022, resulting in a total of 8 species observed over the two years. The bycatch rate of total catch weight was less than 10%.

Period (set)	September 11 - December 6, 2021 (84 sets)			May 29 - September 30, 2022 (176 sets)			
Bycatch species	Butterfish	Hyperoglyphe japonica	27.4 %	Japanese sardine	Sardinopus melanostictus	56.3 %	
	Pacific chub mackerel	Scomber japonicus	26.9 %	Pacific chub mackerel	Scomber japonicus	28.0 %	
	Neon flying squid	Ommastrephes bartrami	26.7 %	Neon flying squid	Ommastrephes bartrami	7.4 %	
	Japanese flying squid	Todarodes pacificus	12.8 %	Chinook(King) salmon	Oncorhynchus tshawytscha	6.0 %	
	Japanese sardine	Sardinopus melanostictus	6.2 %	Boreal clubhook squid	Onychoteuthis borealijaponica	1.7 %	
				Butterfish	Hyperoglyphe japonica	0.6 %	
The bycatch rate of total catch weight	8.5% (19.41 kg)			0.2% (430 kg)			

NO updated bycatch information from stick-held dip net for 2025